



Wallace Fields Infant School & Nursery

Computing Progression Overview

Computing	
Although Computing/Technology is no longer in the EYFS we aim for all children to leave Reception able to:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Know how to stay safe when online• Successfully navigate a tablet by using the touch screen to select an app• Login to a webpage/app	
2-3 years	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Can use sound buttons on books and electronic toys• Plays with electronic toys through role play e.g. phones, keyboards	
3-4 years	In Reception
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identifies where the home button is• Can swipe left and right• Can take a photo using the camera app• Knows to tell an adult if they don't like something they see online.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Is able to open/turn on a device• Can select a required app• Can login using their password and username• Successfully uses the touch screen• Can talk about what it means to be safe online
Reception Key Vocabulary: Anchor words: ipad, unlock, lock, camera Goldilocks words: screen, swipe, home button Step on: app, device, tablet, password, username, online	



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Computing: End of Key Stage One National Curriculum Expectations		
Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
KS1: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions• Create and debug simple programs• Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs	KS1: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.	KS1: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.• Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact or other online technologies.



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Year Group	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
Year One	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children can give instructions that demonstrate they are anticipating the outcome and understand the effect that accuracy of the instructions has on the outcome. Children know that an algorithm is a set of instructions used to solve a problem or achieve an objective and that an algorithm written for a computer to follow is called a program. Children can work out what is wrong in a simple algorithm when the steps are out of order and can write their own simple algorithm. Children can use the buttons to move a character purposefully and can plan their moves several steps at a time towards the goal rather than one step at a time. Children can consider a variety of factors when coding, including the way that the program is designed. Children can design programs that control the look and the actions of objects. Children can think about the need for precise, purposeful, ordered instructions. Children know that any unexpected outcome is due to the code that they have created and make logical attempts to try to fix this code. Children can consider the purpose of a program when designing it and can construct their code purposefully to make objects interact. Children can read code one line at a time and make good attempts to envision the bigger picture of the overall effect of the program. Children can explain the possible actions that their objects could have including, moving, responding to being clicked on and collision with other objects. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children can physically sort, collate, edit, present, search through, re-order and re-structure items using a range of given criteria. Children can sort items into clearly defined groups using given criteria. Children can collate and organise class data into a physical pictogram and a virtual pictogram. Children can then interrogate this data to answer given questions. Children can create, store, retrieve and share their own pictograms. Children can create an interactive story. They can manipulate the properties of their story by changing the images, adding animations and sound as well as typing, copying and pasting pages. Children know the importance of saving their work, overwriting saved files and retrieving their saved work. Children can manipulate how a program looks by adding and changing backgrounds, characters, sounds and objects. Children consider the end user of their program and make purposeful changes to the user interact to enhance functionality. Children can save and open spreadsheets, enter a limited quantity of data into cells, manipulate data using the 'move cell' tool and use the image tool box to add clipart. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children understand what is meant by technology and can identify a limited number of examples both in and out of school. RSHE-Children demonstrate an awareness of online safety using their own private usernames and passwords for purple mash, Bug club etc. RSHE Children understand the importance of keeping information, such as their usernames and passwords private and actively demonstrate this in lessons. Children take ownership of their work and save this in their own private space.
<p align="center">Year One Key Vocabulary:</p> <p>Anchor: computer, direction, challenge, arrow, rewind, forward, backwards, right turn, left turn, button, sort, keys, delete, password, information, save</p> <p>Goldilocks: program, debug, character, predict, instruction, action, background, undo, pictogram, data, animation, e-Book, font, file, sound effect, backspace, clipart, lock, spreadsheet, technology, username, private, online, columns, rows,</p> <p>Step On: code, scale, criteria, collate, cursor, cells, search engine, avatar, notification, algorithm</p>			



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Year Group	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
Year Two	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children can explain that an algorithm is a set of instructions to complete a task. Children can turn algorithms of more than one step into code e.g., they have made a program that follow the algorithm 'when the turtle is clicked it moves forward then turns right.' Children show an awareness of the need to be precise in their designs so that algorithms can be successfully translated into code. Children can create a program that achieves a specific purpose. Children can identify and correct errors. Children can identify the parts of a program that respond to specific events and initiate specific actions. Children can predict and describe using a cause and effect sentence, what will happen in a program. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children can open, edit and save spreadsheets Children can enter data into cells, allocate a value to an image and manipulate data using copying and pasting. Children use images and can present data in a variety of ways. Children can create pictograms to represent data. Children demonstrate their ability to organise data using a database and can run simple searches on their data set. Children use a binary tree to sort information and can manipulate their data, answering questions relating to this. They can store and retrieve data. Children can use a paint program to create an image replication of an established style e.g. pointillism Children can use tools to enhance a picture, demonstrating their ability to manipulate a digital image. Children can efficiently store and retrieve their work from their saved area. Children use the sounds with 2Sequence to create a composition. They demonstrate their ability to manipulate digital content by editing and amending their composition. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children can effectively retrieve relevant, purposeful digital content using a search engine. Children understand the terminology, layout and features of a search engine. Children can create a leaflet to demonstrate and consolidate their acquired knowledge of effective searching. Children understand how to use the Purple Mash search pad and know the implications of inappropriate searches. Children begin to understand how things are shared electronically by using the display board on Purple Mash. RSHE-Children develop an understanding of how to use email safely and responsibly. RSHE-Children know how to report inappropriate content to their teacher.
<p align="center">Year Two Key Vocabulary:</p> <p>Anchor: algorithm, program, debug, backspace, columns, rows, spreadsheet, pictogram, question, data, store, present, report, search</p> <p>Goldilocks: translated, input, scale, command, code, code block, cause and effect, copy and paste, cells, count tool, image toolbox, lock tool, move cell tool, speak tool, database, retrieve, value, email, inappropriate, content, attachment</p> <p>Step on: binary tree, composition, manipulate, digital footprint</p>			